





## SUSTAINABILITY

PROGRAMME FOR DESIGNERS

Embedding Circularity in Design

2021

### PROGRAMME OVERVIEW

#### MODULE 01 | THE VISION FORWARD





#### MODULE 03 | DESIGN FOR THE FUTURE





# CIRCULAR VISION





# MODULE 02 | CIRCULAR VISION NOVEMBER 03

#### CHAPTER 01 | PILLARS OF CIRCULARITY

Why Transition To Circular Design?
The New Consumer
Linear To Circular Businesses

#### CHAPTER 02 | BENEFITS OF CIRCULARITY

The 5 Pillars of Circularity
People + Planet + Peace
+ Prosperity + Partnerships

#### CHAPTER 03 | CIRCULAR DESIGN

How to Transition to Circular Design Circular Design Recycling, Upcycling & Re-design



### MODULE 01 | KEY TAKEAWAYS

#### CHAPTER 01 | SUSTAINABILITY

There is increasing pressure on business to incorporate sustainable practices from international and national legislation.

The SDGs can be summarized by the 5P's people, planet, prosperity, peace & justice & partnership.

Created by the UN the SDGs are a universal call to action to end poverty, protect the planet and improve the lives and prospects for everyone, everywhere.

The RJC Code of Practices contribute towards the SDGs, there are publicly available resources to support designers in their circularity journey on the RJC website.

### CHAPTER 02 | CIRCULARITY

A circular economy is closed-loop system, minimising the use of resources and the creation of waste, pollution and carbon emissions.

Circularity is rising as consumers expect more responsibility from businesses, market trends towards circularity and the increased regulatory requirements for businesses.

Transition to circular design, design out waste and pollution, keep products and materials in use and regenerate natural systems.

Cradle to grave is based on the make, use, dispose principle and cradle to cradle uses the principle of closing the loop.

### CHAPTER 03 | EMBEDDING CIRCULARITY

Circular design includes considering the lifecycle of a product at the design stage, and how designers can help "close the loop" to create a circular economy.

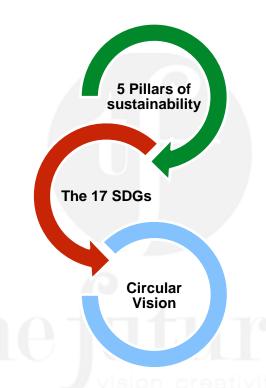
You should consider all steps of the process when designing a product, from design to end use.

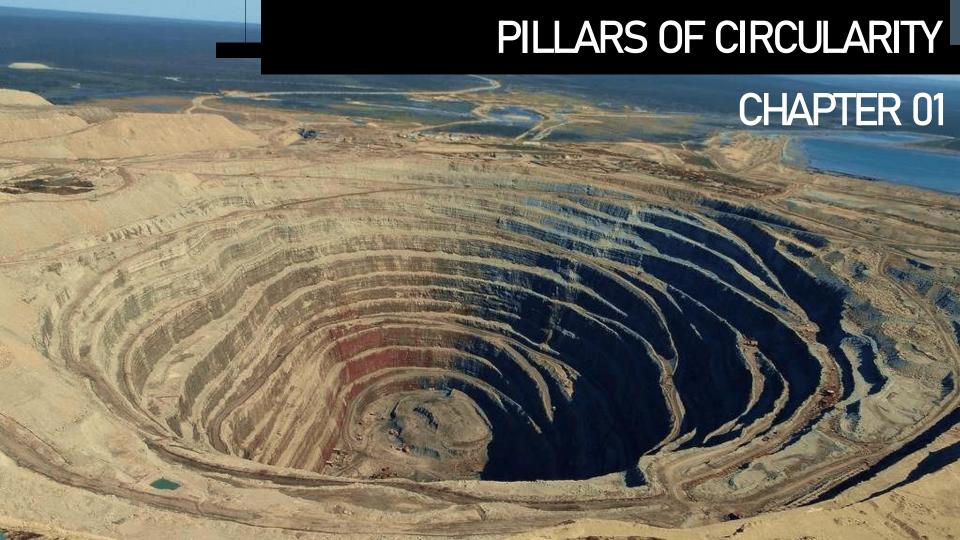
You should consider the materials you use, the way your products are manufactured, how your products are distributed, and ensuring you provide the proper care instructions so that your product is durable and has longevity.



### MODULE 01 | RECAP









# WHY TRANSITION TO CIRCULAR DESIGN?

- > Contributes to the overarching agenda of the 17 SDGs.
  - > Minimises resource consumption and waste generation.
  - > Optimises production and logistics.
    - > Extends the useful life of products.
  - > It raises awareness of sustainability.





### THE NEW CONSUMER

- > The mindsets & lifestyles have shifted, and are well-alligned to the ideals of circular economy and design.
  - > Society primed for transitioning into an era of circularity.
  - > Consumers are becoming more knowledgeable about sustainability.
    - > Consumers today are re-defining luxury.



# LINEAR TO CIRCULAR BUSINESS

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN?



### FROM LINEAR TO CIRCULAR BUSINESS







#### LINEAR ECONOMY >

Traditionally follows the "take-make-dispose" step-by-step plan. This means that raw materials are collected, then transformed into products that are used until they are finally discarded as waste.

#### CIRCULAR ECONOMY >

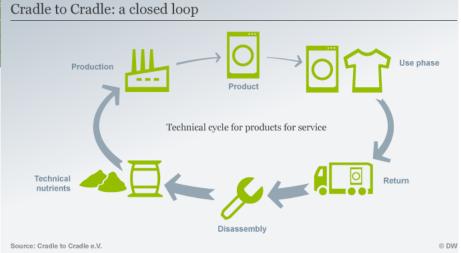
A business model of production and consumption, which involves sharing, reusing, repairing, refurbishing and recycling existing materials and products as long as possible. In this way, the life cycle of products is extended.





### CRADLE TO CRADLE

### **CRADLE TO GRAVE**















#### **PEOPLE**

01 NO POVERTY

02 NO HUNGER

03 GOOD HEALTH & WELL-BEING

04 QUALITY EDUCATION

05 GENDER EQUALITY

#### **PLANET**

06 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

07 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY

11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

13 CLIMATE ACTION

14 LIFE BELOW WATER

15 LIFE ON LAND

#### **PEACE**

16 PEACE AND JUSTICE, AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

#### **PROSPERITY**

08 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

09 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

10 REDUCED INEQUALITY

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

#### **PARTNERSHIP**

17 PARTNERSHIPS TO ACHIEVE THE GOAL

### **CIRCULAR DESIGN**



### **PEOPLE**

SDG'S 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

> DESIGN OUT INEQUALITIES
> NEW OPPORTUNITIES
> PRESERVE CULTURAL HERITAGE
> SUPPORT COMMUNITIES
> PUBLIC HEALTH & WELL-BEING
> DIVERSITY, EQUITY & INCLUSION





### PLANET

SDG'S 6, 7, 11, 13, 14, 15

> REDUCING C02 EMISSION

> WATER WASTE

> LOW ENVIROMENTAL

**IMPACT** 

> LIMITING POLLUTION

> CLEAN ENERGY



### **PROSPERITY**

SDG'S 8, 9, 10, 12

> INDUSTRY INNOVATION & INFRASTRUCTURE > RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION

NEW SERVICES | INNOVATIVE

BUSINESS MODELS |

E-COMMERCE DIGITAL

| EXPERIENTIAL SHOPPING |

IOT - INTERNET OF THINGS



### **PARTNERSHIP**

**SDG 17** 

> EDUCATING CONSUMERS

> SHARING REAL VALUE

> PARTNERSHIP TO

ACHIEVE GOALS

> LESS IS MORE

> COLLECTION PLANNING





### **CIRCULAR DESIGN**

"over 70% of a product's lifecycle costs and environmental footprint is determined during its design phase."

Navi Radjou & Jaideep Prabhu

+ Design out waste & pollution+ Keep products & materials in use+ Regenerate natural systems





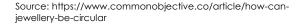


# WHAT IS CIRCULARITY IN JEWELLERY?



# HOW TO TRANSITION TO CIRCULAR DESIGN

+ DESIGN + MATERIALS + MANUFACTURING + PACKAGING + USE







### RECYCLING

+ Recycling has been prevalent in the jewellery industry for thousands of years.

+ Metals from unwanted, outdated or broken jewellery can be refined and used again.

+ Diamonds or gemstones can be recut into updated or more modern shapes.



### **UPCYCLING & REDESIGN**

- + Turning outdated or sentimental pieces into something new.
- + Remodelling vintage or existing jewellery into a new piece.
- + Resetting & recutting of diamonds and gemstones.
- + Transforming rings or brooches into pendants.



### CASE STUDY: NADIA MORGENTHALER



- WEB: nadiamorgenthaler.com
- IG: nadiamorgenthaler

- + Made using recycled gold.
- + Responsibly sourced diamonds.
  - + Working with local artisans.
- + FSC & recycled paper packaging.
- + Recycles waste & chemicals used in the manufacturing process.



### CASE STUDY: MELISSA JOY MANNING



- WEB: melissjoymanning.com
- IG: melissajoymanning

- + Recycled metals.
- + 100% recycled silver.
- + Locally produced products.
- + Offers a jewellery repair service.
- + Detailed care instructions provided online.



### MODULE 02 | KEY TAKEAWAYS

### CHAPTER 01 | PILLARS OF CIRCULARITY

Transitioning to circular design contributes to the overarching agenda of the 17 SDGs and minimises resource consumption.

Mindsets & lifestyles are shifting, consumers are more aware of sustainability, their buying power and the impact their choices have.

A linear economy follows the "take-make-dispose" model and a circular economy is a closed loop system aimed at eliminating waste and the continual renewal of resources.

#### CHAPTER 02 | BENEFITS OF CIRCULARITY

The SDGs can be summarised by the 5P's people, planet, prosperity, peace & justice & partnership & designers can contribute towards them.

People: Design out inequalities and support communities.

Planet: Reducing Co2 emissions, water waste and limiting pollution.

Prosperity: Industry innovation and responsible consumption.

Partnership: Educating consumers, and colloboration

## CHAPTER 03 | PILLARS OF CIRCULAR DESIGN

Over stock can be re-purposed and transformed in brand-new pieces, and certain components can be recycled.

Recycling of precious metals is prevalent within the jewellery industry and has been a prominent practice for thousands of years.

Upcycling and redesign can involve elements of recycling; upcycling is a method of using waste and transforming them into new products.



